FUND DETAILS AT 30 APRIL 2008

Sector: Foreign - Equity - General Inception date: 1 April 2005
Fund managers: Ian Liddle; William Gray is the Portfolio Manager of the Orbis Global Equity Fund

Fund objective:

The objective of the Fund is to outperform the FTSE World Index at no greater than average risk of loss in its sector.

Suitable for those investors who:

- Would like to invest in global shares and benefit from offshore exposure.
- Want to gain exposure to markets and industries that are not necessarily available locally.
- Would like to hedge their investments against any Rand depreciation but do not have the minimum required to invest directly in the Orbis Global Equity Fund.

Price:R 19.49Size:R 3 070 mMinimum lump sum:R 25 000Minimum monthly:R 500Subsequent lump sums:R 2 500Status ofCurrently openIncome distribution: 01/01/07 - 31/12/07 (cents per unit)Total 1.17Annual management fee:

No fee. The underlying fund, however has its own fee structure.

COMMENTARY

The upside of unsettled stock markets – the average stock is 25% off its 52-week high is that the Fund is presented with more interesting investment opportunities. While Orbis has been working through many new ideas in its research process, it has not needed to look past the current portfolio to find some great ideas for new investment capital. Car Maker BMW is 31% below its May 2007 peak. BMW's management focuses intensely on making excellent cars and it has a very long track record of doing just that.

The car industry, however, has fallen on hard times, hit by high labour costs, the rising cost of raw materials and a deteriorating consumer environment. Germany-based BMW has also suffered in recent years from the rise in the euro against other currencies. While all these factors can certainly get worse, Orbis believes they will eventually get better.

BMW is currently trading at eight times earnings and the bad news is priced into the current share price. BMW presents an opportunity to invest in an excellent company at an attractive discount to intrinsic value.

GLOBAL EQUITY FEEDER FUND

GEOGRAPHICAL DEPLOYMENT

This Fund invests solely into the Orbis Global Equity Fund

Region	Fund's % exposure to:		% of World Index	
	Equities	Currencies		
United States	30	30	43	
Canada	0	0	3	
North America	30	30	46	
United Kingdom	5	0	9	
Continental Europe	17	11	22	
Europe	22	11	31	
Japan	25	48	9	
Korea	11	2	2	
Greater China	6	6	4	
Other	2	2	1	
Asia ex-Japan	19	10	7	
South Africa and other	4	1	7	
Total	100	100	100	

TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO*

	Included in TER			
Total expense ratio	Trading costs	Performance component	Fee at benchmark	Other expenses
2.90%	0.16%	0.97%	1.45%	0.32%

*A Total Expense Ratio (TER) is a measure of a portfolio's assets that are relinquished as operating expenses. It is expressed as a percentage of the average value of the portfolio, calculated for the year to the end of March 2008. Included in the TER is the proportion of costs that are incurred by the performance component, fee at benchmark, trading costs (including brokerage, VAT, UST, STRATE and insider trading levy) and other expenses. These are disclosed separately as percentages of the net asset value. A higher TER ratio does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TERs. The information provided is applicable to class A units.

PERFORMANCE

Fund performance shown net of all fees and expenses as per the TER disclosure.

Percentage return in Rands	Fund	Benchmark*
Since Inception (unannualised)	95.4	77.6
Latest 3 years (annualised)	26.1	22.9
Latest 1 year (annualised)	11.6	7.5

Percentage return in dollars	Fund	Benchmark*
Since Inception (unannualised)	60.6	46.0
Latest 3 years (annualised)	17.3	14.2
Latest 1 year (annualised)	3.8	0.0

Risk measures (Since inception month end prices)	Fund	Benchmark*
Percentage positive months	70.3	64.9
Annualised monthly volatility	12.1	12.2

^{*} Benchmark: FTSE World Index. Source: Bloomberg, performance as calculated by Allan Grav as at 30 April 2008.

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Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (unit trusts) are generally medium- to long-term investments. The value of participatory interests (units) may go down as well as up and past performance is not necessarily a guide to the future. Unit trust prices are calculated on a net asset value basis, which is the total market value of all assets in the portfolio including any income accrual and less any permissible deductions from the portfolio divided by the number of units in issue. Declaration of income accruals are made annually. Fund valuations take place at approximately 16h00 each business day. Perchase and repurchase requests may be received by the manager by 14h00 each business day. Performance figures from Allan Gray Limited (GIPS compliant) are for lump sum investments using net asset value prices with income distributions reinvested. Permissible deductions may include management fees, brokerage, UST, auditor's fees, bank charges, trustee fees and RSC levies. The Fund may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. A schedule of fees and charges and maximum commissions is available on request from Allan Gray Unit Trust Management Limited. Commission and incentives may be paid and if so, would be included in the overall costs. Unit trusts are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. Forward pricing is used. A Feeder Fund portfolio is a portfolio that, apart from assets in a liquid form, consists solely of units in a single portfolio of a collective investment scheme. Fluctuations or movements in exchange rates may cause the value of underlying international investments to go up or down. This Fund may be capped at any time in order to be managed in accordance with the mandate. Member of the ACI. Total Expense Ratio (TER): When investing, costs are only a part of an investment decision. The investment objective of the Fund should be compared with the investor's objective and then the Performance of the investment and whether it rep